



Situation Report #24: Occupied Palestine

3 February– 10 February 2025 (until 10:00 AM)

The Government Communication Center at the Prime Minister's Office issues the Situation Report once a week. The next Situation Report will be issued on 17 February 2025.

Key Developments

ISRAEL, THE OCCUPYING POWER, RELEASES 183 PALESTINIAN PRISONERS

On Saturday, the occupation authorities released the [fifth batch of 183 Palestinian prisoners](#) under the ceasefire agreement. The released prisoners include **18** prisoners serving life sentences and **54** others with long sentences. Of these, 27 are from Gaza, 42 are from the West Bank, and three are from occupied Jerusalem. Seven prisoners were deported. An additional **111** Palestinians from Gaza, who were arrested after 7 October 2023, were also released. The Israeli occupation forces (IOF) transformed the area near the "Ofer" prison into a restricted military zone, blocking the gathering of journalists and prisoners' families and firing live ammunition and tear gas canisters at them. To date, 766 Palestinian prisoners have been released, including 108 prisoners who were deported.¹

THE HUMANITARIAN SITUATION IN THE GAZA STRIP²

The humanitarian situation in Gaza remains critical, with funding freezes and delays in aid approvals. Despite the efforts of international organizations, the overall humanitarian response is still inadequate to address the widespread needs of the Palestinian people in Gaza. As of 3 February, over 565,000 displaced people have returned to northern Gaza. They endure [cold, stormy weather](#) amidst immense destruction and restricted access to essential services, including shelter, food, and medical care. Aid organizations report a critical shortage of shelter materials, with only 3,000 tents delivered to date and another 7,000 on the way. Food assistance has reached more than one million people, and fuel deliveries have aided bread production at bakeries. However, many commodity prices remain 1,200% higher than before 7 October 2023. The agricultural sector is in ruins, with 75% of fields affected and livestock losses reaching 96%. Evacuations for medical care to Egypt have begun, but they fall short of the approximately 12,000 to 14,000 people in urgent need of treatment. The circumstances are further complicated by the risks posed by unexploded ordnance and [Israel's hindrance of aid delivery](#).

¹ Palestinian Prisoners Society

² UNOCHA, [Humanitarian Situation Update](#), 5 February 2025



ISRAEL'S FORCED DISPLACEMENT OF PALESTINIANS IN NORTHERN WEST BANK

With its persisting aggression against the occupied West Bank, Israel continues to target Palestinian refugee camps, focusing on Jenin, Tulkarem, and Tubas. Within 21 days, the IOF completely destroyed [the Jenin refugee camp](#), reducing entire neighborhoods into rubble and displacing almost all of its 20,000 residents. [UNRWA](#) described the Jenin refugee camp as a "ghost town." The IOF continues to attack [hospitals and medical facilities](#), including by surrounding, raiding, and firing live ammunition at them. The Governor of Jenin, [Kamal Abu-Rub](#), said the occupation is dividing the refugee camp into four parts and, in doing so, is creating a new map for it. In [Tulkarem](#), the occupation's aggression, which began 15 days ago, has displaced over 12,000 people so far, accounting for about 90% of the refugee camp's population. In the Nur Shams refugee camp, the IOF yesterday killed [Sundus Shalabi](#), an eight-month pregnant woman, along with her unborn baby. Her husband suffered critical head injuries. In [Tubas](#), the IOF has displaced at least 18 families from Tammun and at least 100 from the El Far'a refugee camp. Yesterday, the IOF continued to force more families to leave their homes in El Far'a refugee camp.

THE US PRESIDENT PROPOSES THE ETHNIC CLEANSING OF GAZA

US President Donald Trump proposed that the US would ["take over" Gaza](#) and displace and relocate its Palestinian population. Announced during a press conference with Israeli Prime Minister Netanyahu, the plan aims at transferring Gaza's 2.1 million residents to neighboring countries like Egypt and Jordan while the US assumes long-term control of the Strip. Trump described his vision as turning Gaza into the "Riviera of the Middle East" after clearing and rebuilding it. Trump's ethnic cleansing plan received [international opposition and condemnation](#). The [Palestinian Presidency](#) denounced the proposal as an attack on Palestinian rights and sovereignty. The [United Nations](#) and [human rights groups](#) warned that forced displacement constitutes a war crime. The plan was widely condemned and rejected. Egypt, Jordan, and Saudi Arabia dismissed the plan, while several European leaders reaffirmed their support for the two-state solution, deeming the plan a breach of international law. Even within the US, lawmakers from both parties criticized the plan.

AGREEMENT BETWEEN ISRAEL'S RIGHT AND LEFT ON TRUMP'S PROPOSAL

Israel's political echelon between the right and left [expressed support](#) for the forcible displacement of Palestinians from Gaza per Trump's proposal. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu suggested that [Palestinians could establish their state in Saudi Arabia](#). In an interview with [Fox News](#), he said it's "the first fresh idea in years," adding that after 7 October 2023, "No one is going to just say 'let's give them a Palestinian state.' They had one—it was called Gaza under Hamas. What happened with that?"



Summary

Since the onset of Israel's genocidal aggression on Gaza, the IOF has killed **48,181** Palestinians and wounded **111,638** more.³ Thousands are still trapped under the rubble. The Civil Defense reported that its teams in the Gaza Governorate recovered [19 martyrs'](#) bodies from a mass grave, indicating that the martyrs were targeted during IOF attack on Al-Al-Shifa Hospital. Earlier this month, the Civil Defense teams retrieved the bodies of [37 martyrs](#) that IOF had transported with its bulldozers from scattered graves around Kamal Adwan Hospital to dirt lands in the area of the martyr Ismail Abu Al-Qumsan. Yesterday, the [Palestinian Red Crescent](#) finalized the transfer of a full field hospital to Gaza City.



Figure 1: Gaza Strip

In the occupied West Bank, incl. Jerusalem, since 7 October 2023, the IOF has killed **908** Palestinians, incl. **180** children, and injured at least **6,700** others⁶. On Friday, medical sources reported the martyrdom of 7-year-old [Saddam Rajab](#) from Kafr al-Labad, east of Tulkarem, due to critical injuries sustained from IOF bullets on 28 January. This incident occurred while he was in the western neighborhood of Tulkarem during the Israeli aggression against the city and its refugee camp.



Figure 2: West Bank⁷ | 3 February – 9 February 2025 (until 8 AM)

³ [Wafa](#) - Last updated on 8 February 2025.

⁴ UNOCHA, [Reported Impact Snapshot| Gaza Strip](#), 4 February January 2025.

⁵ Ibid. UNOCHA noted that "two hospitals in Gaza city were merged into one facility."

⁶ [PCBS](#) - Last updated on 8 February 2025 at 21:00

⁷ [NAD's Palestinian Monitoring Group](#) | The same incident may result in multiple attacks.



In Focus

Israel has announced a plan to establish [three new settlements in the Jordan Valley](#). The newspaper "Makor Rishon" reported on the initiative by the so-called "Israel Land Authority" to create three settlements in the area, including around 10,000 settlement units. The plan aims to strengthen Israel's illegal settlement enterprise in this eastern border area. The "Israel Land Authority" surveyed land suitable for construction and identified three potential settlement sites, each covering 750 and 1,500 dunams. These locations are situated on Palestinian lands classified as (C) under the Oslo Interim agreement, west of Route 90. Approximately 10,000 settlers live in the Jordan Valley, spread across 27 settlements. The number of Israeli settlers in the area will double if the plan is implemented.

Government Update

The Government Communication Center has released a [report detailing the key interventions](#) over the past week implemented by various ministries and institutions through the Government Operations Room for Emergency Interventions in the Gaza Strip. There have been efforts to open roads, clear rubble, supply clean water, and restore essential services including communication, education, and healthcare to support the return of displaced Palestinians. In addition to establishing new camps for those displaced, the Ministry of Social Development is distributing hygiene and food kits and providing mental health support. The Palestinian Water Authority is working to repair desalination plants to ensure access to clean water. The Ministry of Public Works is conducting damage assessments and providing shelter. The Ministry of Education is striving to resume classes for over 290,000 students, while the Ministry of Health is preparing to receive medical aid and establish a mobile field hospital. Furthermore, the Ministry of Agriculture is offering resources to help farmers restore agricultural productivity. These coordinated efforts are aimed at facilitating the recovery of Gaza.

The Government Communication Center emphasized that Government authorities, in close collaboration with both local and international partners, remain steadfast in their efforts to alleviate the suffering of the Palestinian people in the Gaza Strip. Through a combination of urgent and relief interventions, and the preparation of reconstruction projects, these efforts are part of a broader, comprehensive plan aimed at ensuring the sustainability of essential services and laying the groundwork for a full-scale reconstruction process.